

## Towards musky odors: discovery of the broadly tuned human musk receptor Sandra Huysseune, Mélodie Locrel, Alex Veithen, Magali Philippeau and Yannick Quesnel ChemCom S.A., Route de Lennik 802, 1070 Anderlecht, Belgium.

### Introduction:

Musk odors have been used for medicine and fragrance from time immemorial because of their fascinating scent and potential effects on human health. The first natural musk, Muscone, originates from the musk deer where it has a pheromonal function. Nowadays, most of the musks used in the industry follows from chemical synthesis and are widely used in cosmetic and perfume industry due to their warmth, elegance, animal scent as well as for their fixative properties.

To date, four structurally diverse groups of chemical compounds sharing a musky-like note have been identified: nitro musks, polycyclic musks, macrocyclic musks and alicyclic (or linear) musks. Despite their big commercial success, the use of nitro and polycyclic musks has been reduced in recent years because of their potential health and environment damaging properties. Their replacement by safer and/or ecologically benign musks or compounds that enhance the musk perception remains an important goal.

## **Materials and Methods:**

### *In vitro* functional assay

Deorphanization screening and dilution-response analysis were performed in the HEK293T-hRTP1S/hRTP2 proprietary cell line using the CRE-luciferase reporter assay system Briefly, cells plated one day before were transfected with ORs of interest or empty vector plasmids using TransIT®-LT1 (Mirus) according to the manufacturer's protocol. Twenty hours after transfection and four hours after incubation with tested compounds, cells were lysed and processed for luminescence measurement using a Spectra Max M5 reader (Molecular Devices). Results of agonist concentration-response analyses are expressed as relative light unit (RLU) and were fitted to the Hill's equation

# **Results:**





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## musk receptors: OR11A1 and OR5AN1

	One statis	Structure		00543	00544	0.005 4.014	OR11A1 (log EC50)	Name			Class		
Name	properties		Class	(log EC50)	(log EC50)	(log EC50)				Structure		OR5A2	OR5A1
Moskene	sweet <b>musk</b> ambrette ketone powdery dry	$ \begin{array}{c} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & $	- Nitro Musk	-5.73				Crysolide	animal <b>musk</b> cedar ambergris woody			-4.65	
Musk ketone	fatty <b>musk</b> soapy dry powdery			-3.97		-6.54		Tonalid	strong sweet amber fruity <b>musk</b> powdery			-6.12	
Musk xylol	fatty dry sweet soapy <b>musk</b>	$0$ $CH_3$ $0$ $O$ $CH_3$ $0$ $O$ $CH_3$ $O$ $O$ $CH_3$ $O$ $O$ $CH_3$ $O$ $O$ $CH_3$ $O$ $O$ $O$ $CH_3$ $O$		-5.73		-6.18	-5.73	Phantolide	strong sweet <b>musk</b> amber powdery dry fruity	JC CH <sub>3</sub> HJC CH <sub>3</sub>		-5.34	
Musk ambrette	<b>musty</b> sweet ambrette seed			-5.06		-3.16		Cashmeran	rich spicy <b>musk</b> woody clean	CH3 HgC CH3 CH3		-4.75	
Name	Organoleptic	Structure	Class	OR5A2	OR5A1	OR5AN1	OR11A1			H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>			
Cyclopentenyl propionate musk	sweet musk		Linear	-4.55			(log ECSU)	Galaxolide Traseolide Moxalone	strong diffusive sweet floral <b>musk</b>	H <sub>C</sub> H <sub>C</sub> Polycyclic	-5.98		
	musk								dry sweet amber <b>musk</b> herbal creamy			-5.71	
serenolide				-4.66					Moxalone <sup>®</sup> is a <b>musk</b> fragrance ingredient	s a <b>musk</b> gredient		-4.53	
Sylkolide	Sylkolide™ is a <b>musk</b> by Givaudan	H H H H							by Givaddan	H <sup>c</sup> X			
				-4.75				Vernolide	sweet intense <b>musk</b> ambrette macrocyclic			-5.17	
Helvetolide	<b>musky</b> , ambrette, pear			-3.86				Fixal	powerful, very natural-warm, <b>musk</b> - like odor notes			-4.99	

- friendly

## **Conclusion:**

In this study, we screened the human set of functional olfactory receptors (OR) for additional "musk" receptors and discovered a new unexpected OR belonging to class 2 activated by archetypal representatives of the four different groups of musk. So far, none of the formerly identified musk-receptors (OR5AN1 and OR11A1) showed such levels of responsiveness for all musk groups. In this context, we have compared the selectivity, sensitivity and efficacy of these three receptors as well as the impact of amino acids mutations on the functionality of the receptor. Given the importance of musk in our everyday life, the understanding of the molecular mechanisms that support the perception of the musky odor is crucial and will allow the development of new generations of musk or musk enhancers useful for perfumers and F&F companies.

WO 2015/020158 A1 WO 2016/201152 A1 Shirasu et al. 2014 Neuron 81, 165-78 WO 2019/110630 A1 (CHEMCOM PATENT: OR5A2 Sato-Akuhara N. et al. 2016 J Neurosci 36(16), 4482-9